

July 24, 2021

When your life seems shipwrecked, what do you do?

## The Continued Story....

Acts 27:1-42 When the time came, we set sail for Italy. Paul and several other prisoners were placed in the custody of a Roman officer named Julius, a captain of the Imperial Regiment. <sup>2</sup> Aristarchus, a Macedonian from Thessalonica, was also with us. We left on a ship whose home port was Adramyttium on the northwest coast of the province of Asia; it was scheduled to make several stops at ports along the coast of the province.<sup>3</sup> The next day when we docked at Sidon, Julius was very kind to Paul and let him go ashore to visit with friends so they could provide for his needs. <sup>4</sup> Putting out to sea from there, we encountered strong headwinds that made it difficult to keep the ship on course, so we sailed north of Cyprus between the island and the mainland. 5 Keeping to the open sea, we passed along the coast of Cilicia and Pamphylia, landing at Myra, in the province of Lycia. <sup>6</sup> There the commanding officer found an Egyptian ship from Alexandria that was bound for Italy, and he put us on board. We had several days of slow sailing, and after great difficulty we finally neared Cnidus. But the wind was against us, so we sailed across to Crete and along the sheltered coast of the island, past the cape of Salmone. 8 We struggled along the coast with great difficulty and finally arrived at Fair Havens, near the town of Lasea. <sup>9</sup> We had lost a lot of time. The weather was becoming dangerous for sea travel because it was so late in the fall, and Paul spoke to the ship's officers about it. 10 "Men," he said, "I believe there is trouble ahead if we go on shipwreck, loss of cargo, and danger to our lives as well." <sup>11</sup> But the officer in charge of the prisoners listened more to the ship's captain and the owner than to Paul. 12 And since Fair Havens was an exposed harbor—a poor place to spend the winter—most of the crew wanted to go on to Phoenix, farther up the coast of Crete, and spend the winter there. Phoenix was a good harbor with only a southwest and northwest exposure. 13 When a light wind began blowing from the south, the sailors thought they could make it. So they pulled up anchor and sailed close to the shore of Crete. <sup>14</sup> But the weather changed abruptly, and a wind of typhoon strength (called a "northeaster") burst across the island and blew us out to sea. 15 The sailors couldn't turn the ship into the wind, so they gave up and let it run before the gale. <sup>16</sup> We sailed along the sheltered side of a small island named Cauda, where with great difficulty we hoisted aboard the lifeboat being towed behind us. <sup>17</sup> Then the sailors bound ropes around the hull of the ship to strengthen it. They were afraid of being driven across to the sandbars of Syrtis off the African coast, so they lowered the sea anchor to slow the ship and were driven before the wind. 18 The next day, as gale-force winds continued to batter the ship, the crew began throwing the cargo overboard. 19 The following day they even took some of the ship's gear and threw it overboard. <sup>20</sup> The terrible storm raged for many days, blotting out the sun and the

stars, until at last all hope was gone. <sup>21</sup> No one had eaten for a long time. Finally, Paul called the crew together and said, "Men, you should have listened to me in the first place and not left Crete. You would have avoided all this damage and loss. <sup>22</sup> But take courage! None of you will lose your lives, even though the ship will go down. <sup>23</sup> For last night an angel of the God to whom I belong and whom I serve stood beside me, <sup>24</sup> and he said, 'Don't be afraid, Paul, for you will surely stand trial before Caesar! What's more, God in his goodness has granted safety to everyone sailing with you.' 25 So take courage! For I believe God. It will be just as he said. 26 But we will be shipwrecked on an island." <sup>27</sup> About midnight on the fourteenth night of the storm, as we were being driven across the Sea of Adria, the sailors sensed land was near. <sup>28</sup> They dropped a weighted line and found that the water was 120 feet deep. But a little later they measured again and found it was only 90 feet deep. <sup>29</sup> At this rate they were afraid we would soon be driven against the rocks along the shore, so they threw out four anchors from the back of the ship and prayed for daylight. 30 Then the sailors tried to abandon the ship; they lowered the lifeboat as though they were going to put out anchors from the front of the ship. <sup>31</sup> But Paul said to the commanding officer and the soldiers, "You will all die unless the sailors stay aboard." 32 So the soldiers cut the ropes to the lifeboat and let it drift away. 33 Just as day was dawning, Paul urged everyone to eat. "You have been so worried that you haven't touched food for two weeks," he said. 34 "Please eat something now for your own good. For not a hair of your heads will perish." <sup>35</sup> Then he took some bread, gave thanks to God before them all, and broke off a piece and ate it. <sup>36</sup> Then everyone was encouraged and began to eat— <sup>37</sup> all 276 of us who were on board. <sup>38</sup> After eating, the crew lightened the ship further by throwing the cargo of wheat overboard. 39 When morning dawned, they didn't recognize the coastline, but they saw a bay with a beach and wondered if they could get to shore by running the ship aground. <sup>40</sup> So they cut off the anchors and left them in the sea. Then they lowered the rudders, raised the foresail, and headed toward shore. <sup>41</sup> But they hit a shoal and ran the ship aground too soon. The bow of the ship stuck fast, while the stern was repeatedly smashed by the force of the waves and began to break apart. 42 The soldiers wanted to kill the prisoners to make sure they didn't swim ashore and escape. 43 But the commanding officer wanted to spare Paul, so he didn't let them carry out their plan. Then he ordered all who could swim to jump overboard first and make for land. 44 The others held on to planks or debris from the broken ship. So everyone escaped safely to shore.

Ways we can respond negatively to our storm:

Refuse Godly counsel or biblical advice

Do what everyone else is doing

Ride out the circumstances, hoping for things to get better

Storms can make us: drift from our destination, throwing away things that really matter, leads us to despair—lose all hope

What do we do then as followers of Jesus when we are in the storm?

Remember that God is there with you right in the middle of it

Remember that God has a purpose and a plan for your life and its bigger than your storm

Remember that if God promises something, you can base your life on it.

Remember that God's deliverance, is his calling to proclaim.

## **Small Group Discussion**

How many of you have been in a physical storm? How did it make you feel? What did you do?

How many of you have been in a spiritual storm? How did it affect you spiritually, physically, and emotionally?

What scriptures did God use to encourage you and strengthen you? Share it with others.

Rex said, "Storms can make us: drift from our destination, throwing away things that really matter, leads us to despair—lose all hope". How could that happen, and if it happened to you, what did you do, what steps did you take to getting out of your storm?

You will have to use your concordance, or internet search, or youversion on your phone, or talk around a little but come away with some take-home scriptures together that could minister to you when you find yourself in a storm:

What passages does God share with us about being with us?

What passages does God use to share with us that he has a purpose and a plan for our life?

What passages did God specifically give us a promise to claim?

What passages did God specifically call us as disciples of Jesus to proclaim the gospel to all, even in and through our storm?